

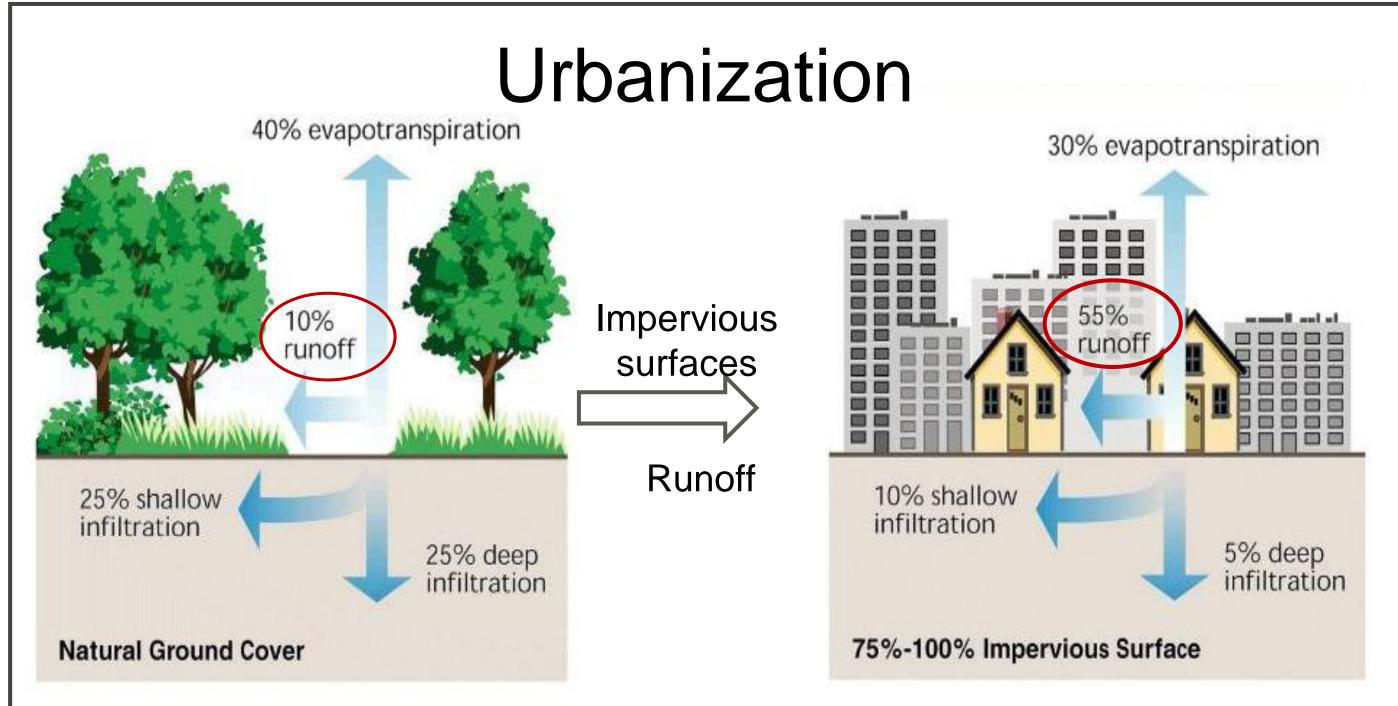
Plant Selection for Green Roof Rainfall Retention

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Sustainable stormwater management & Green roofs



Source: Relationship between impervious surface proportion and run-off (Ishimatsu et al., 2016)

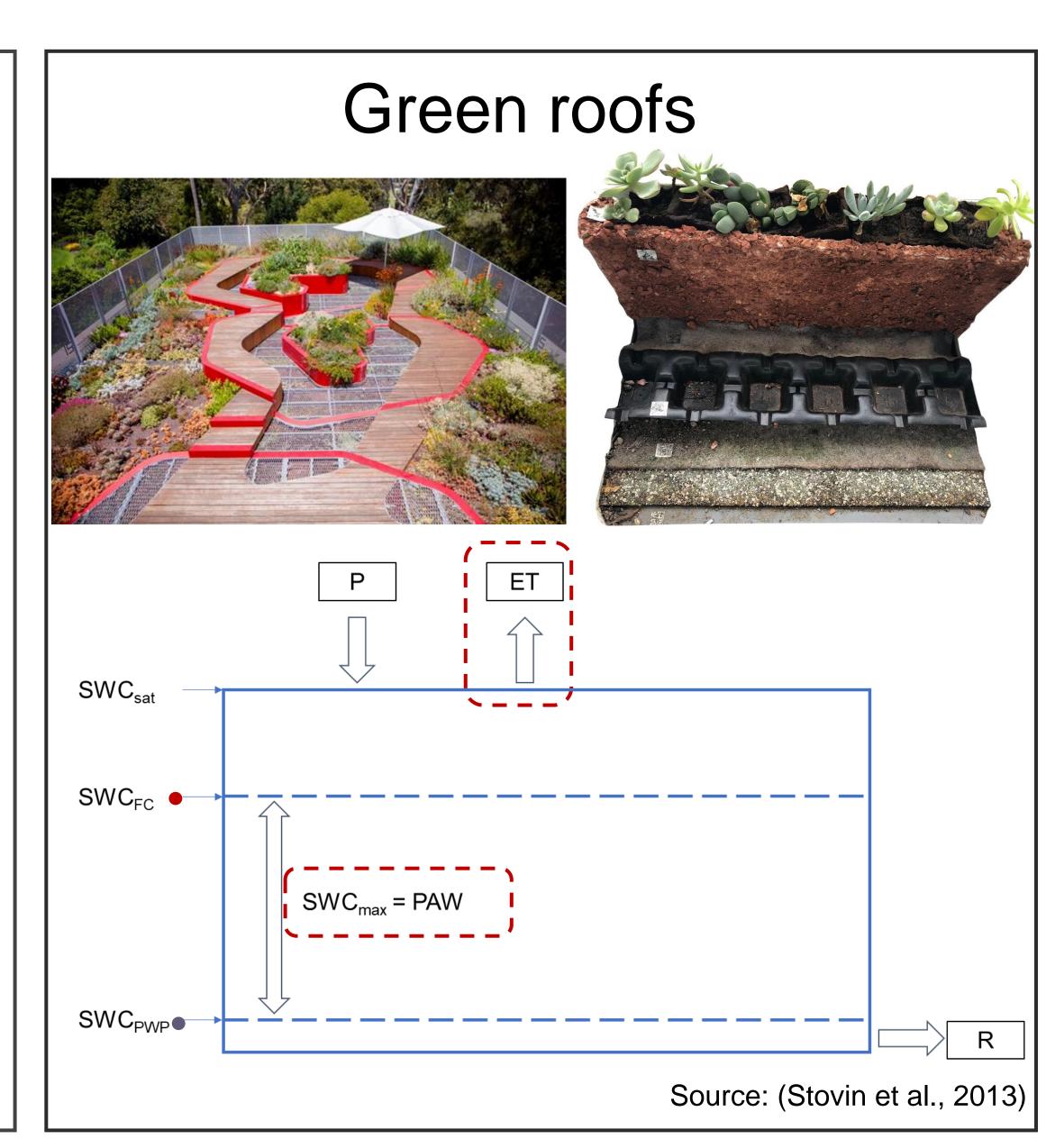
Traditional stormwater











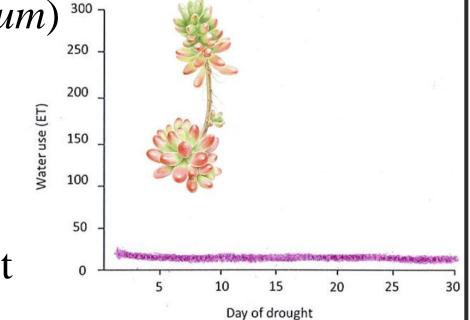


Problems of plant selection for green roofs

Sedum species



- High tolerance for drought
- Low efficiency of retention
- Sub-optimal delivery of stormwater benefit



Monocultures (*Sedum* species)





- Lack of rainfall retention effectiveness
- Lack of diversity
- Lack of resilience: susceptible to climate extremes

Non-Succulents

Effect	Units	Succulent /	Non- succulent	Reference
Runoff volume	ml	625	375	Nagase and Dunnett (2012)
		I		
Mean water loss in wet Mean water loss in dry	g	1250 410	1300 445	Wolf and Lundholm (2008)
Retention (<2mm) Retention (2-10mm) Retention (>10mm)	%	86.2	98.2 94.4 92.4	Whittinghill et al. (2015)

Higher transpiration rate



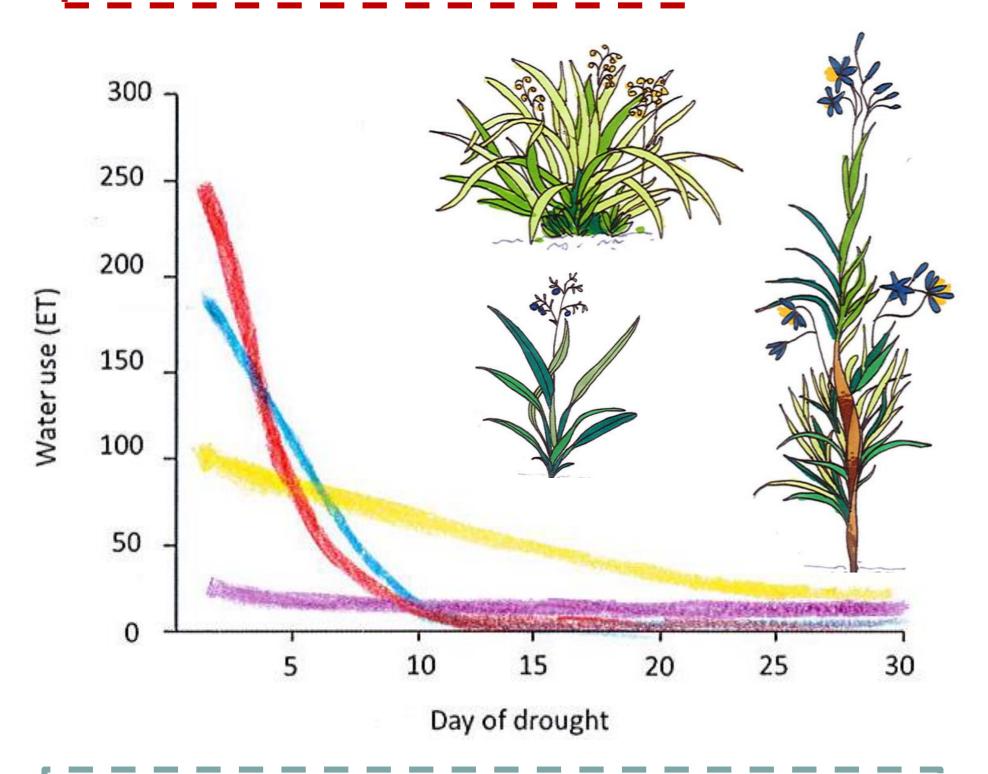
• Vulnerable to Water Limitations





If and how to evaluate a trade-off?

> Plant water use strategy



> Plant diversity (of water use plasticity)

Water use plasticity

- Use more when water are available
- Reduce use when water deficit occurs

Source: Farrell et al. (2013)

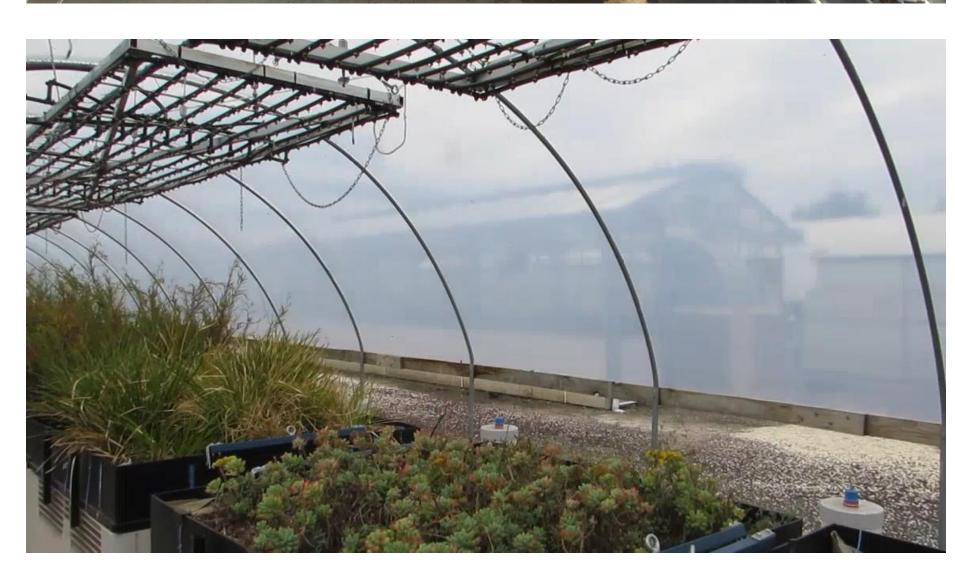
- Plastic water-using species will perform better than conservative waterusing species
- ET

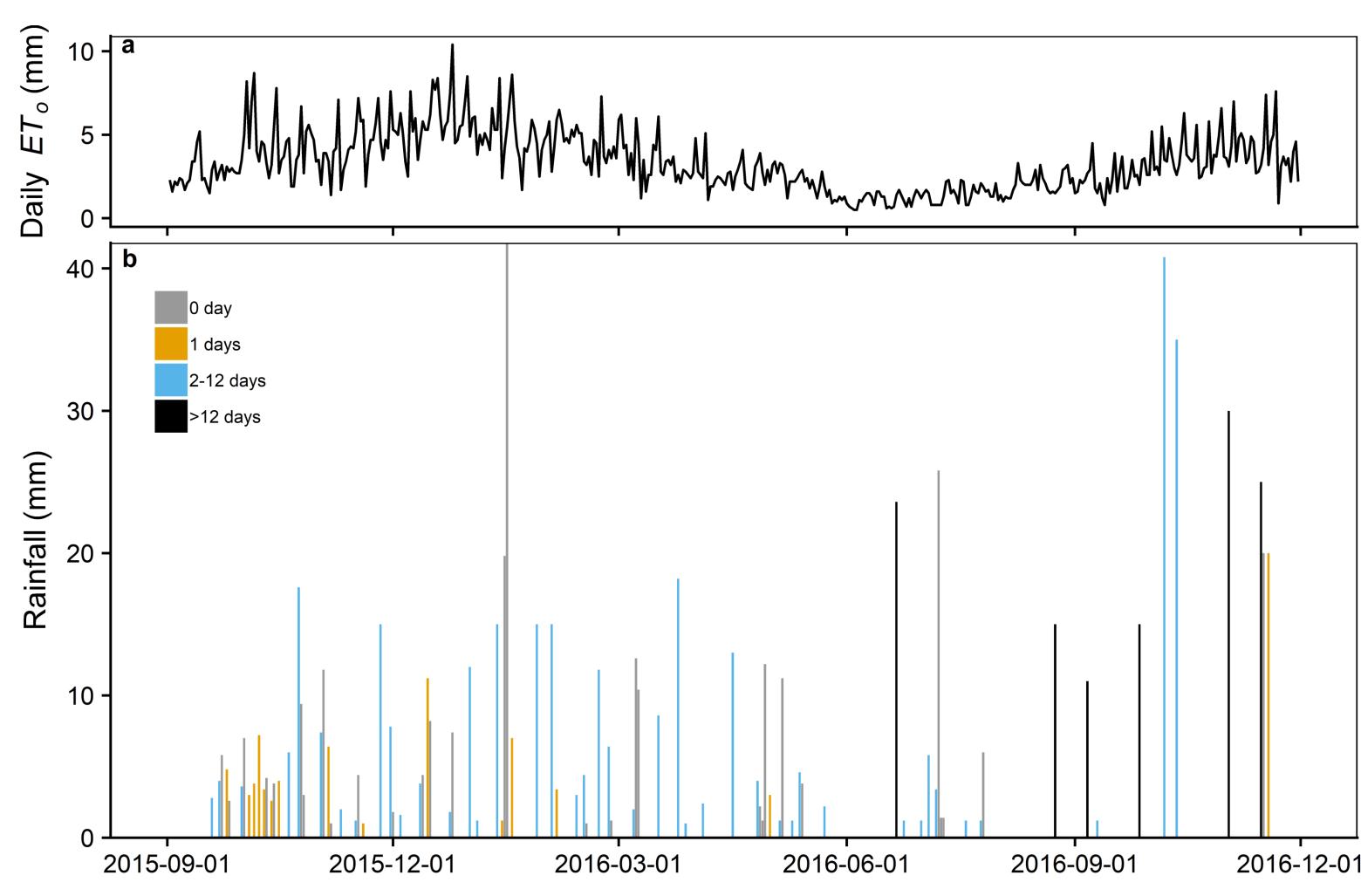
- Mixtures will perform better than monocultures
- ET



Experimental Design



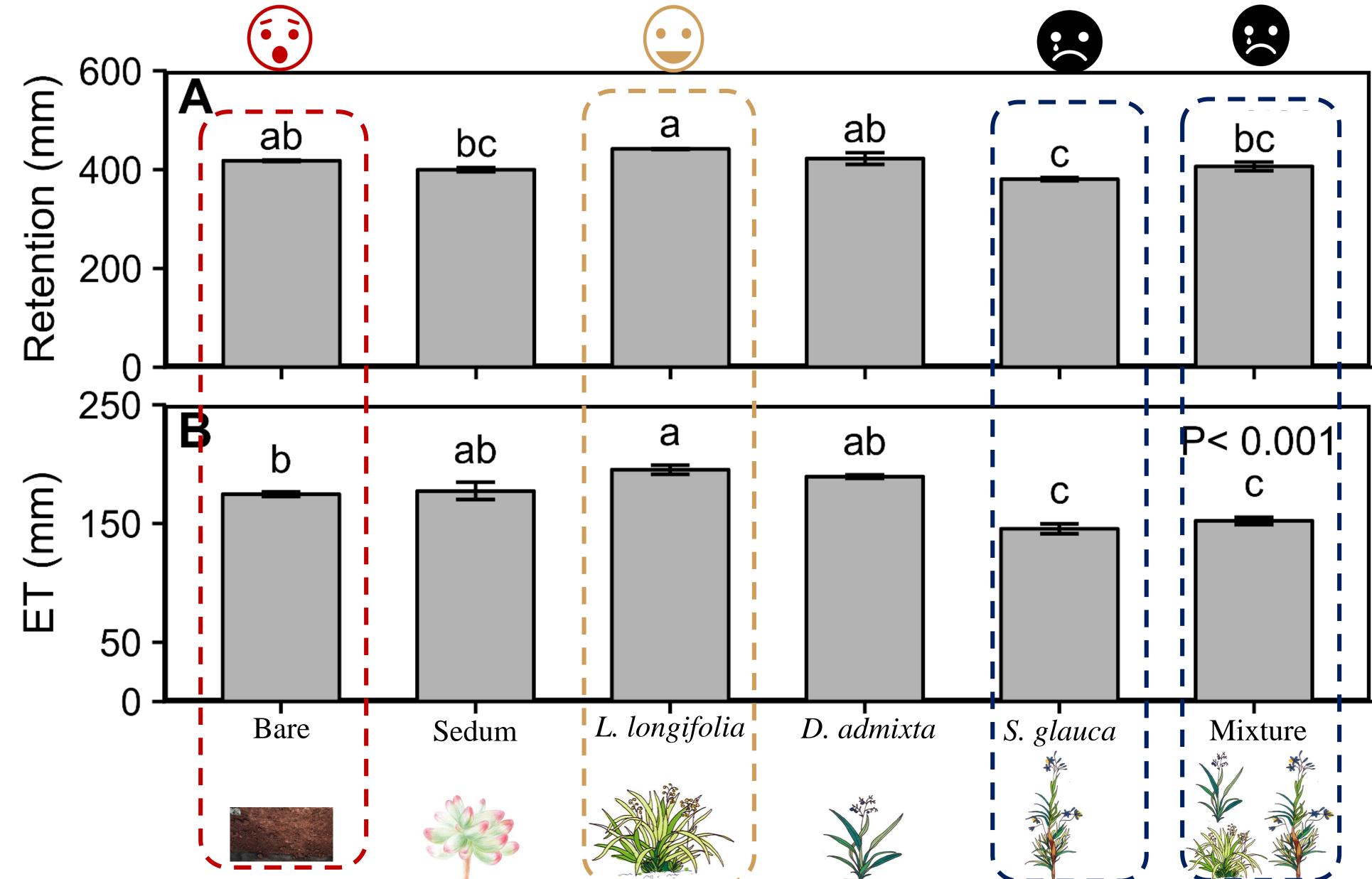




- 92 events
- 'typical' year simulated long-term rainfall (1965-2015)

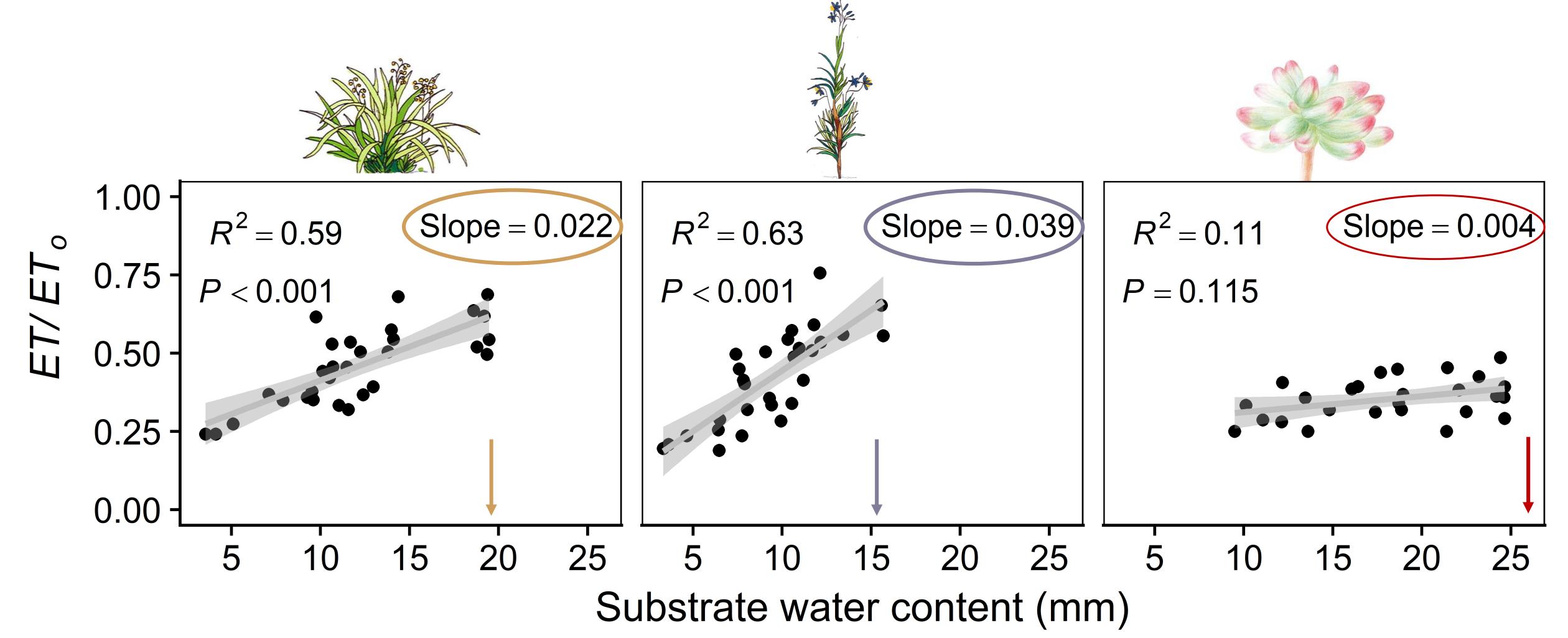


Retention performance



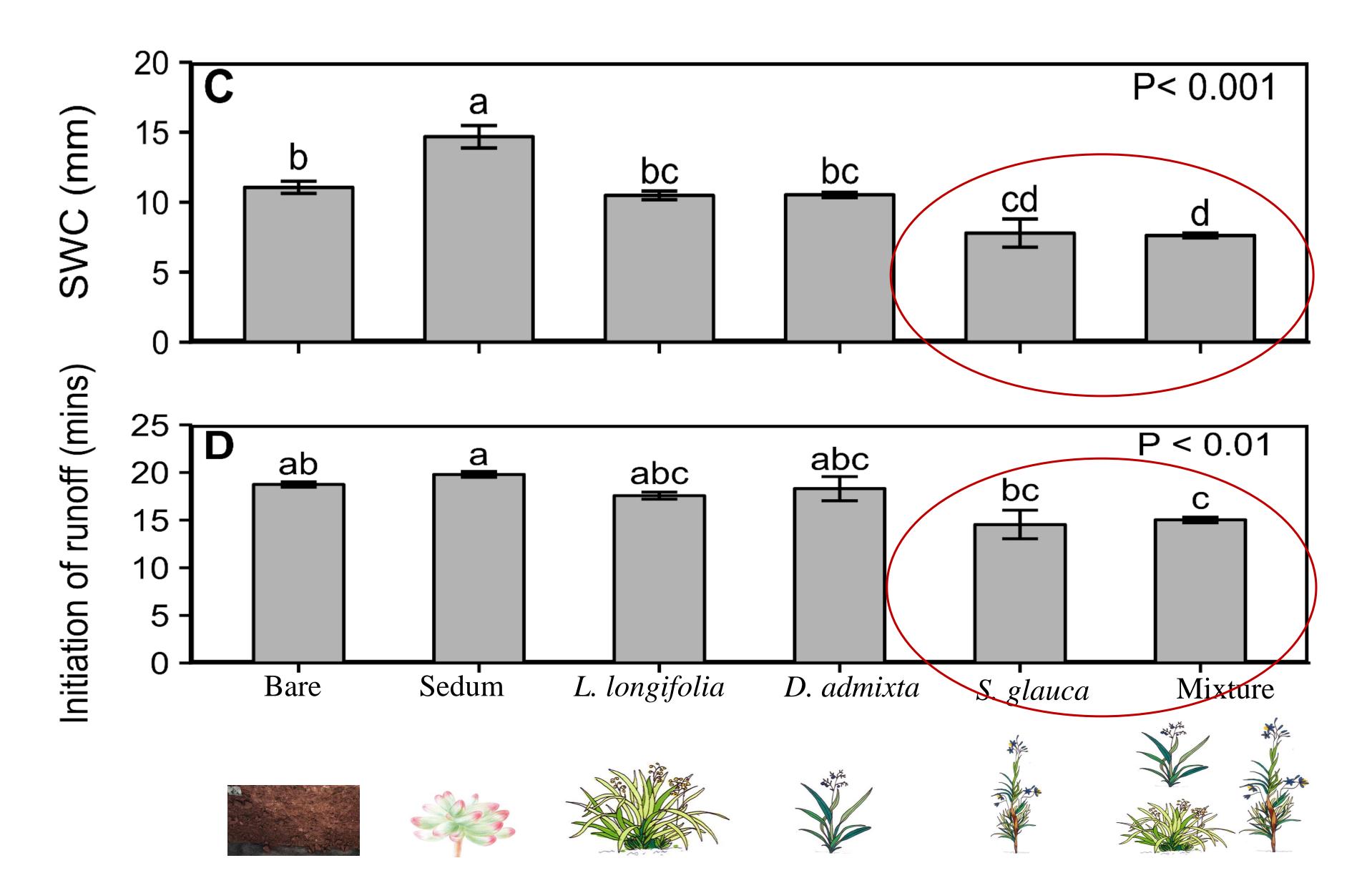


Plant selection for green roofs

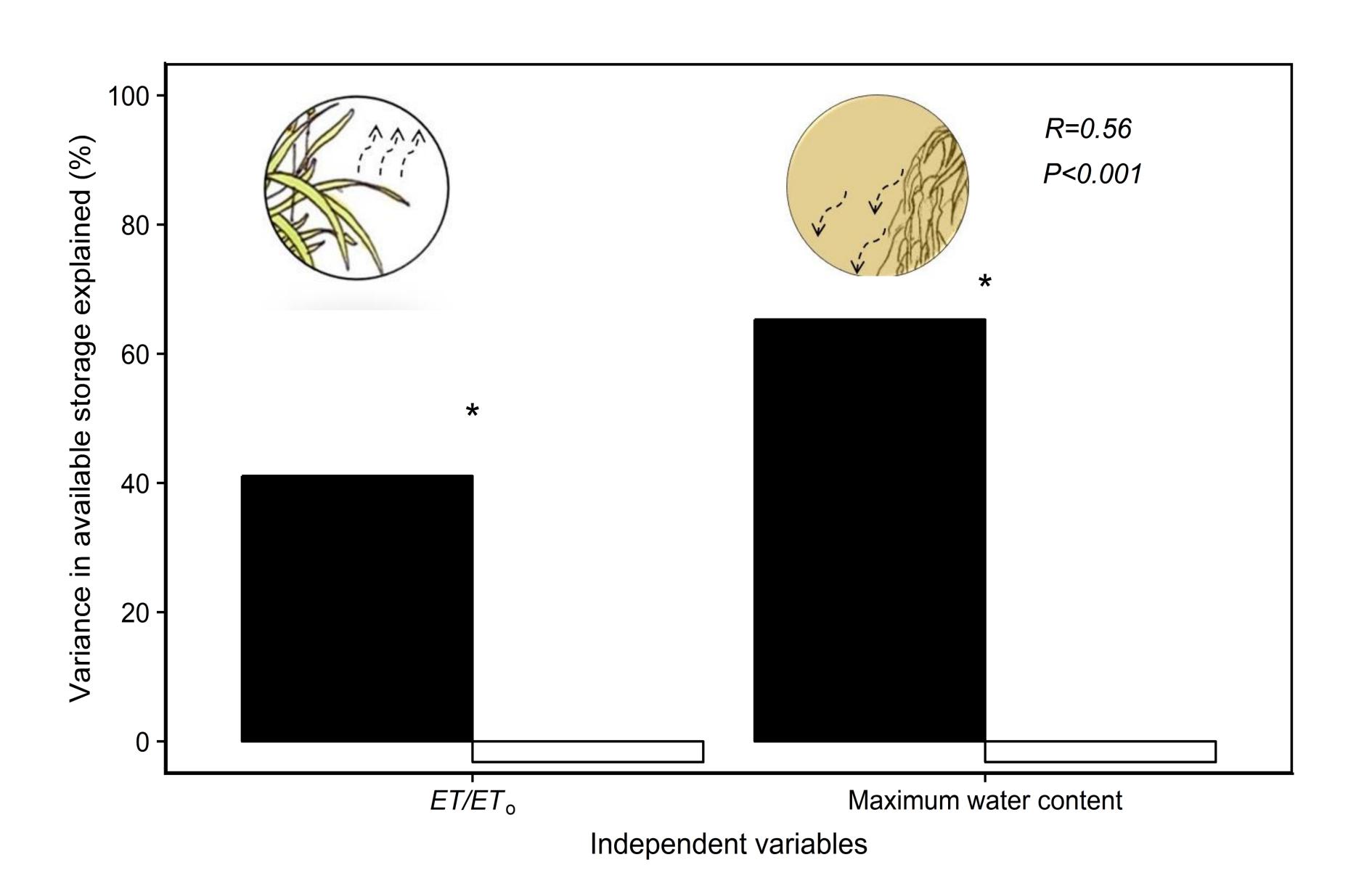




Plant-induced preferential flow

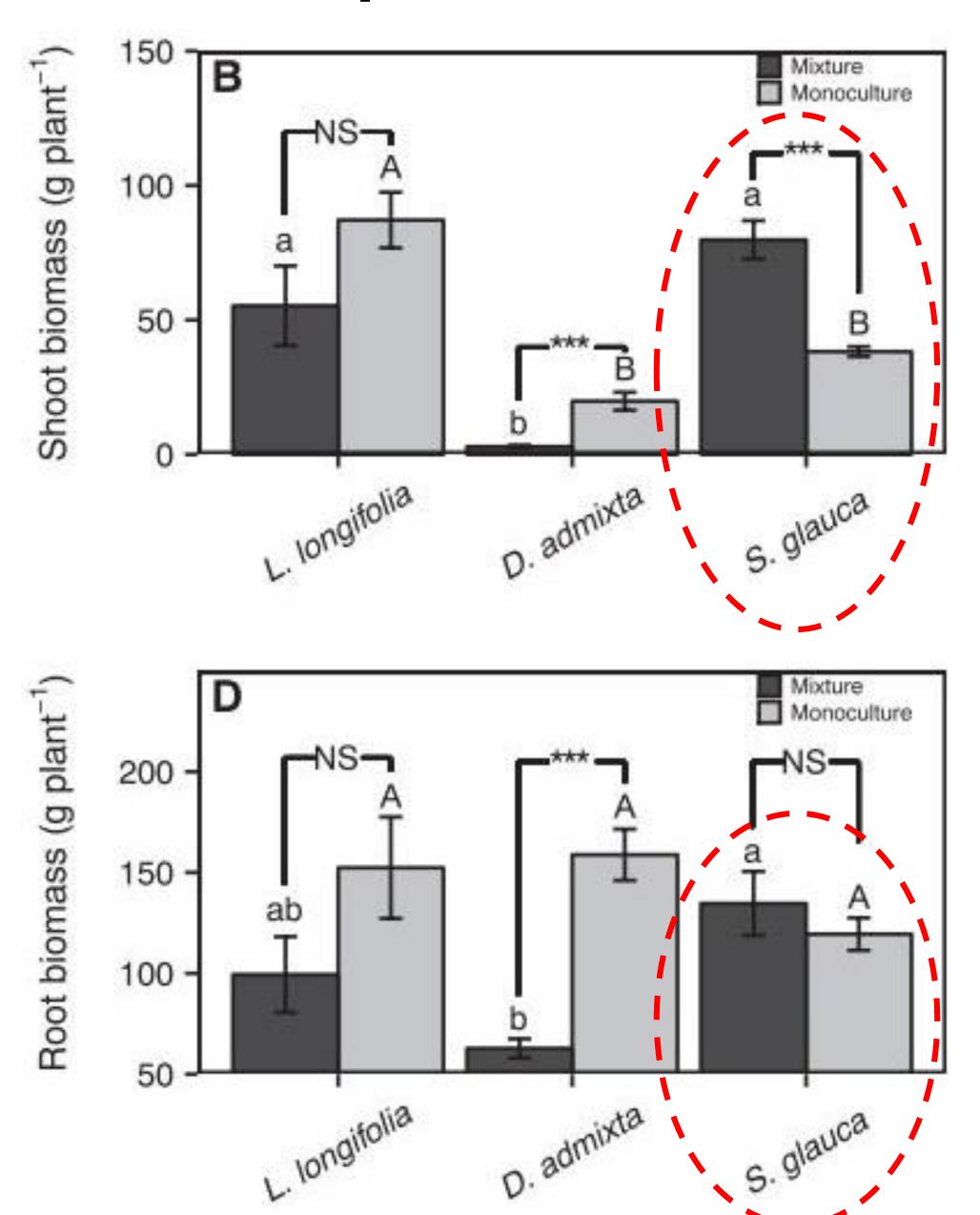


Plants influences via ET and Non-ET



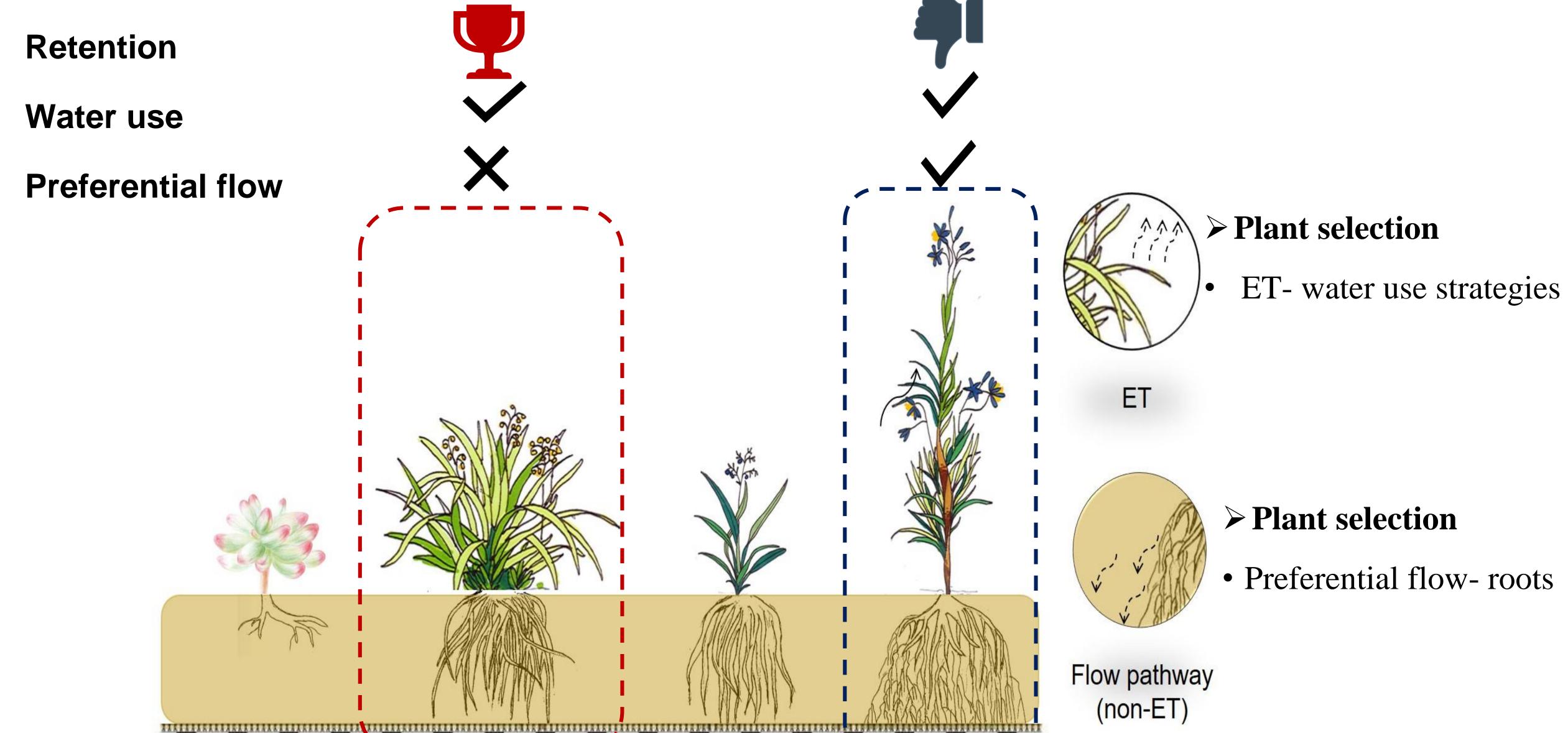


Dominant species in the mixture





Take-home Message





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