

PS-5.2: The Future - Changing Spaces and Places



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What I am going to present.....???







Trees and shrubs are the base structure of urban

associated with

flowers, grass, alleys, sidewalks, water bodies, wood-work, sculpture, artistic/art works...ect





Methodology

Considered some aspects like:

- Management way: high forests, coppice, shrubs, combined.
- Organization way: dispersed trees, trees in rows, in corridors, trees in groups, forests
- Form: square, rectangular, circular, sloping, corridor, irregular shape.
- -Surface: hole during sowing, planting site, current seedlings, growth prospects, available space
- Construction area around trees: directly on the ground, with sidewall, stone, wood, iron.
- -Way of maintenance: worked soil, un-worked soil, with grassy, flowers, mulching, and other materials.

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Methodology



- Size of seedlings,
- growth of trees
- place where it planted

(urban forests, sidewalks, along the streets, in the yard of houses or institutions, river banks or lakes)

- kind of trees,
- management way,
- mechanization work
- etc. ...



Methodology - Study site

City of Pogradec, analyzed in study, one more beautiful cities in Albania, lies in the S-E of the country, on shore of Ohrid Lake, deepest lake in Europe, annual average temperature reaches 12.3°C, and 730 mm rain,700m asl, 38 000 inhabitan s.

In this very beautifully city, during communism period came here communist leaders(EH) for vacation, city have a lot of greenery area, evident with trees, shrubs and grass, within the city and suburbs, a very good

architecture of buildings and streets.

38 000 inhabitants

5.5 m2 per capita

Total greening surface 208.000 m2
Surface with flowers 6.950 m2
Surface with grass 156.050 m2
Other land surface 22.050 m2
Water surface 23.000 m2
Decorative trees 4.500 cope
Shrubs 1.250 cope
Greening bordure 1.800 ml





Results

- Study direct in terrain for the ways maintenance of land around trees in Pogradec city
- Compilation an Questioner
- Definition of Target groups
- Interview of 27 peoplesface to face
- Coding of data collection
- Preparation all data collected in Excel format
- Processing in the Sas/stat software and Statgraphix program.... Variance analysis...





Results - Main part of questioners- an answer

		CORELATIONS WITH ENVIRONMENT AND BENEFITS									
Nr	Way of maintenance around urban trees.	Soil conditions	80	Landscape	WILDLIFE HABITATS	HOMDIT	Access to services	Rain infiltrating	The attraction of birds,	Albedo	
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1	Worked soil	***	•	•	**	***	***	***	**		
2	Un-worked soil	•	•	•	•	•	**	*	•		
3	With grassy	***	***	***	***	**	•	**	***		
4	Flowers	***	***	***	***	**	•	**	***		
5	Mulching	***	***	***	***	**	•	**	***		
6	Others materials-(stone, concrete,)	***	***	***	***	**	•	**	***		





Grade evaluation of positive impacts/influences

low/without impact influences

* Low

**Middle

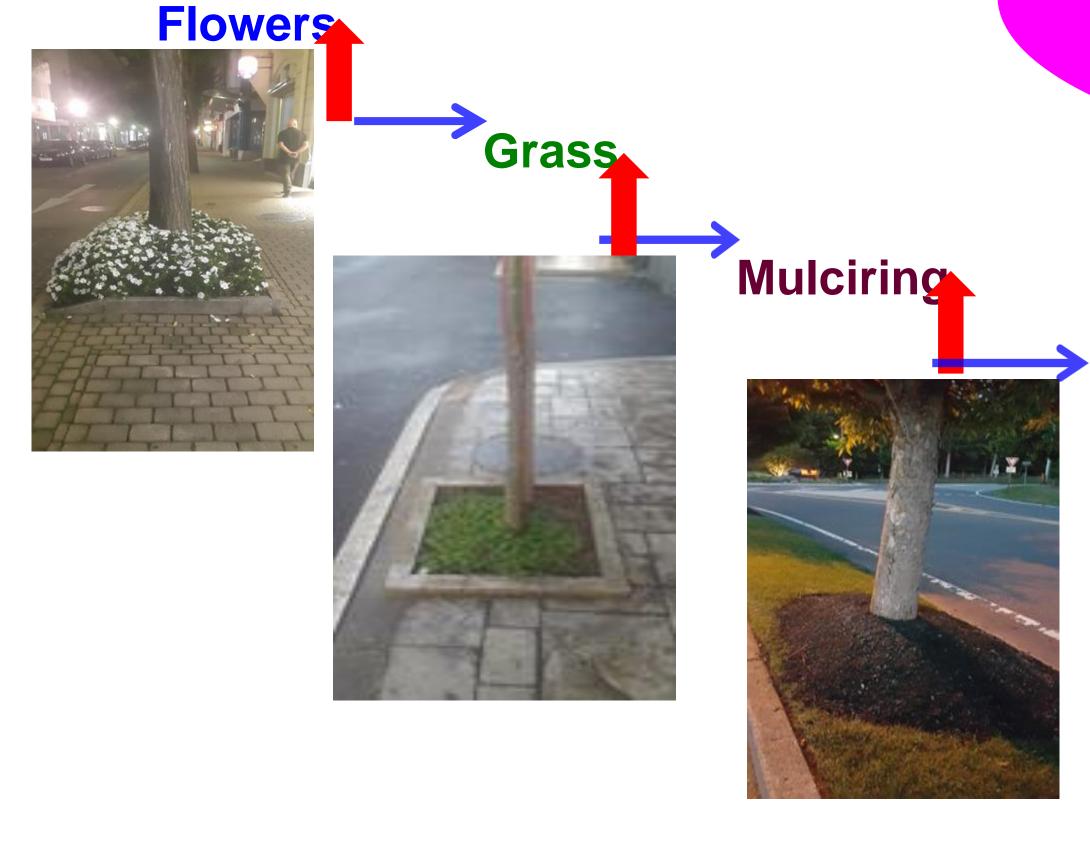
***High





Results

From processing of data collected results that the best way of maintaining the land around the tree is ranked as below:









Others materials





Conclusions and recommendations

Chosen a best way of maintenance /land use around the trees more additional benefices from trees

-Increased the greening surface, in the way with flowers and grass in total

1 tree: $0.50 \text{ m} \times 0.5 \text{m} = 0.25 \text{ m}2$

> 20 000 trees = 5000 m²

-So, have high BD, wild habitats, good soil humidity, landscape, albedo....

-First stage - the best arable, worked land

-An middle stage – the best way with flowers and grass

> -In the last stages, mature trees, can used intermediates ways, mixed



As disadvantages: increases the scale of difficulty for cultural services and mechanization works

with stone, concrete, noworked land - no very effective, low benefices...







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